Job Matrix:MTA:MTA logos:MTA Logo SPOT 286.eps

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## Occupational Health and Safety Consultant

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For workers and employers in the automotive industry   
and their medical / other providers

### Outdoor Power Equipment

Task Breakdown & Risk Assessment

Servicing Chainsaw

**Purpose of this document**

This tool is a detailed job/task breakdown designed to identify those tasks, their duration and what other supports might be needed to match an injured employee’s work capabilities. This activity is designed to align with any remaining duties to help maintain productivity in the workplace.

This tool is to be used by Medical Specialists, General Practitioners and other providers to help in workplace assessment and is designed to be used in consultation with the injured worker, employer and case manager.

This tool if used early in the injury will help with planning namely - when, how and under what circumstances an employee will return to work. It should also help fellow employees, line managers, employers, family/household persons to understand the injured workers’ capacity and assist counsellors to provide appropriate advice and support

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| Skills Required: |
| |  | | --- | | * Repairing — Repairing machines or systems using the needed tools. | | * Equipment Maintenance — Performing routine maintenance on equipment and determining when and what kind of maintenance is needed. | | * Troubleshooting — Determining causes of operating errors and deciding what to do about it. | | * Operation and Control — Controlling operations of equipment or systems. | | * Operation Monitoring — Watching gauges, dials, or other indicators to make sure a machine is working properly. | | * Critical Thinking — Using logic and reasoning to identify the strengths and weaknesses of alternative solutions, conclusions or approaches to problems. | | * Quality Control Analysis — Conducting tests and inspections of products, services, or processes to evaluate quality or performance. | | * Active Listening — Giving full attention to what other people are saying, taking time to understand the points being made, asking questions as appropriate, and not interrupting at inappropriate times. | | * Equipment Selection — Determining the kind of tools and equipment needed to do a job. | | * Complex Problem Solving — Identifying complex problems and reviewing related information to develop and evaluate options and implement solutions. | |
| Abilities: |
| |  | | --- | | * Control Precision — The ability to quickly and repeatedly adjust the controls of a machine or a vehicle to exact positions. | | * Finger Dexterity — The ability to make precisely coordinated movements of the fingers of one or both hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble very small objects. | | * Manual Dexterity — The ability to quickly move your hand, your hand together with your arm, or your two hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble objects. | | * Arm-Hand Steadiness — The ability to keep your hand and arm steady while moving your arm or while holding your arm and hand in one position. | | * Near Vision — The ability to see details at close range (within a few feet of the observer). | | * Multilimb Coordination — The ability to coordinate two or more limbs (for example, two arms, two legs, or one leg and one arm) while sitting, standing, or lying down. It does not involve performing the activities while the whole body is in motion. | | * Problem Sensitivity — The ability to tell when something is wrong or is likely to go wrong. It does not involve solving the problem, only recognizing there is a problem. | | * Deductive Reasoning — The ability to apply general rules to specific problems to produce answers that make sense. | | * Information Ordering — The ability to arrange things or actions in a certain order or pattern according to a specific rule or set of rules (e.g., patterns of numbers, letters, words, pictures, mathematical operations). | | * Oral Comprehension — The ability to listen to and understand information and ideas presented through spoken words and sentences. | |
| Qualifications: |
| Trade Certificate or under apprenticeship |

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| SPECIAL SKILLS: | | | | | |
| READ | Moderate | | | WRITE | Occasional |
| SOLVE | Complex | | | COMMUNICATE | Occasional |
| PRECISION | Frequent | | | COORDINATION - FINE | Frequent |
| COORDINATION - GROSS | Frequent | | | FOOT OPERATIONS | Occasional |
| PPE: | | | | | |
| BOOTS | | Steel Cap | | EYE WEAR | Safety Glasses |
| HEARING | | Required | | HAIR NET / BEARD | Not Required |
| HEAD GEAR / HELMET | | Not Required | | SAFETY VEST / CLOTHING | Not Required |
| SUN PROTECTION - HAT | | Not Required | |  |  |
| ENVIRONMENT: | | | | | |
| TEMPERATURE | | | Controlled Moderate | LIGHTING | Bright |
| NOISE | | | Light Factory | WIND VELOCITY | Light |

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| TASK ANALYSIS | |
| Description:  Repairs to the chainsaws vary and can involve a simple tightening of the chain through to a full engine rebuild. All of the repairs involve the use of small hand tools to loosen and tighten nuts, bolts and screws. Lifting and carrying is typically performed close to the body. All chainsaws are started and run during the repairs and services and hearing protection is worn at these times. | Critical Work Demands:   * Constant bilateral hand grasping. * Most gross grasps used. * Fine hand grasping to remove screws. * Work mainly performed at bench height (900mm from ground). * Starting requires placing the chainsaw on the ground and pulling cord with approximately 5kg of force. * Lifting is up to 10kg between ground and chest height. * Weight for carrying is up to 10kg. * Squatting posture occasionally. |
| Chainsaws-3 Chainsaws-4 Chainsaws-5  Chainsaws-14 Chainsaws-19 Chainsaws-25 | |